NEW-YORK GENERAL JOURNAL; OR, THE ADVERTISER.

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTICK.

May 26, 1768

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE EXCHANGE.

ASSIZE of BREAD, publiſhed May 12, 1768.
Flour at 19/3 per Ct.

A White Loaf of the fineſt Flour, to weigh 1 lb. 10 oz. for 4 Coppers.——Ditto, of Dit. to weigh 12½ oz. for 2 Coppers.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN's RISING and SETTING, till Thurſday next.

	D's Age.	High-Water.	rises H M.	sets H.	
THURSDAY	10	5	after 5 43	before 7	Full ○ next Tueſday, 11 Morning.
FRIDAY	11	6	4 42	8	
SATURDAY	12	6	4 41	8	
SUNDAY	13	7	4 40	8	
MONDAY	14	8	4 40	8	
TUESDAY	○	9	4 39	8	
WEDNESDAY	16	10	4 39	8	

Days 14 Hours 34 minutes long, the 26th

Juſt imported in the Ellin, Capt. Clark, from Briſtol, and to be ſold, by

John Harris Cruger,

STRIP'D Indian blankets, red and blue duffels, ſpotted and green rugs, German ſerges, kerſeys, baize,—nails of all ſort, pipes, ſhot, bottled beer, loaf ſugar, women's ſhoes, ſheeting and low priced linens, &c. &c. 24 27

To be SOLD, by

PHILIP LIVINGSTON,

At his Store on the New Dock, near the Ferry Stairs,

IRISH linens, 3-4 dowlas, printed and pencil'd callico, neweſt pattern of purple and other callicoes, ground chintzes, black and colour'd Perſians, cambricks and lawns, diaper table cloths, ſtrip'd hollands; double Sileſias, ſilk and lungee romalls, black and blue peelong, Balladine ſewing ſilk of all colours; checks of all ſorts uſually imported; fine black and colour'd worſted patterns for breeches, tammies, durants and ſhalloons, Turkey ſtripes, burdets, ſilk Damaſcus for ſummer veſts; writing paper by the ream, Ruſſia duck, powder blue, beſt vermilion; felt hats, bruſhes of all ſorts; marble chimney pieces and ſquares, double and ſingle refined loaf ſugar, lump and muſcovado ſugar; tea kettles, one new cable, ten and a half inch, ninety fathom; netting twine, 24d. and 30d. nails; brandy, Geneva, 7 by 9, and 6 by 8 crown window glaſs: Alſo a parcel of choice ſpermaciti candles, and a few barrels of choice beef and pork—coffee in barrels, Jamaica molaſſes by the hogſhead, bakers twine, quart bottles in hampers 24 27

RUN away May the 14th 1768, from the ſubſcriber in Middletown, a Negro man named York, about five feet nine inches high, 18 years of age, well ſet, has one of his fore teeth broke near the gum; had on when he went away, a ſuit of homeſpun mixt grey clothes, ſhoes and ſtockings, braſs buckles, and a cock'd felt hat, with a white metal button.—Whoever takes up ſaid Negro and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter can have him, ſhall have twenty ſhillings reward, and all charges, paid by me

24 27 CYRENIUS VAN MATER.

At WILLIAMS's STORE,

In Broad-ſtreet, New-York, near the Exchange, facing the houſe of his Excellency Gen. GAGE, is now opening, A freſh and complete aſſortment of the following goods, in the greateſt variety and neweſt patterns; lately imported in the laſt ſhips, and will be ſold by the ſaid WILLIAMS, at ſuch prices as will, on inſpection, convince all who underſtand goods, of his ability, and inclination not to be underſold:

INDIA Chintz, printed cottons and chintz for gowns and furnitures, curious printed handkerchiefs with maps, hunting pieces, landſkips, ſea pieces and India patterns; Gulick hollands, Scotch hollands, long lawns, tandem, double and quadruple Sileſias, plain and flowered Sileſia lawns, plain, ſtrip't and flowered lawns; gauzes and minionets, cambricks, muſlins, Damaſcus's, burdets, ginghams, ſtript and check'd cottons and linens of all breadths, furniture checks, Scotch check handkerchiefs; diaper and damaſk cloutings, napkinning and tabling of all ſorts; Iriſh linens of all breadths and prices, dowlas and ſheetings, German dowlas, garlix, ſtript and figured dimities, counterpains and jeans, dyed jeans and pillows, black Mancheſter velvets, Ruſſia diapers and towelling, Scotch oznaburghs, &c. &c. &c.

☞ If JOHN CHESTON, by Trade a Cooper, who came from Briſtol about Three Years ago, will call on Mr. WILLIAMS, he will hear agreeable News. (24 27)

GEntlemen may have ſugars refin'd, on reaſonable terms, by applying to JOHN CHILD, at Mr. Bayard's ſugar houſe, in wall-ſtreet, near the city-hall: Samples of double and ſingle refin'd loaf, lump, powder and ſhop ſugars; ſugar candy, ſyrops, molaſſes, &c. may be ſeen by applying as above. 18 23

Publiſhed by Order of Common Council, May the 12th, 1768.

WHEREAS by the ſecond Section of the abovementioned Law, entitled, "A Law to prevent the ſelling or giving of unripe Fruit and Oyſters, within the City of New-York;" it is ordained, that if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, at any Time during the Months of May, June, July and Auguſt, ſhall preſume to ſell, utter, offer or expoſe to Sale, or bring any Oyſters within this City, every ſuch Offender or Offenders, ſhall forfeit and pay for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of THREE POUNDS.

Now be it ordained, by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of New-York, in Common-Council convened, and it is hereby ordained by the Authority of the ſame, that the ſaid ſecond Section in the ſaid Law, ſhall relate to prohibit the taking Oyſters within the Months abovementioned, from the Banks or Bay within and between the Limits of this City, and the North Side of Staten-Iſland only; and the other Part of the ſaid Section is hereby repealed: And that every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall take and bring to this City, any Oyſters within the Months abovementioned, or that ſhall preſume to give, ſell, utter or offer to expoſe to Sale any Oyſters that ſhall be taken and got from the Banks or Bay within and between the Limits of this City, and the North-Side of Staten Iſland, ſhall forfeit the Sum of THREE POUNDS for every Offence, to be recovered as in and by the above recited Law, the Penalties therein mentioned, are directed and appointed to be recovered.

TO BE SOLD,

By Jonathan Hampton,

In CHAPEL-STREET, NEW-YORK, Oppoſite Captain ANDREW LAW's;

A Large and neat Aſſortment of Windſor Chairs, made in the beſt and neateſt Manner, & well painted, viz. High back'd, low back'd and Sack-back'd Chairs and Settees, or double ſeated, fit for Piazza or Gardens,—Children's dining and low Chairs, &c.

N. B. As the above HAMPTON intends conſtantly to keep a large Number of all Sorts of the above Chairs by him for Sale, all Perſons wanting ſuch, may depend on being ſupplied with any Quantity, Wholeſale or Retail, at reaſonable Rates. 24—

To all Perſons intereſted in the Lands herein after mentioned.

WHereas a certain tract or parcel of land, with the appurtenances, ſituate, lying and being to the north of Albany, on both ſides of Hudſon's-river, (beginning at the uppermoſt limits of the land, formerly bought by Gooſe Gerriſen and Philip Peterſe Schuyler, being a creek, called Teonandehowa, which is the ſouthermoſt bounds of the ſaid lands, and from thence up both ſides of the river northerly, to a creek called Deonondehowa, the land on the ſaid creek included, keeping the ſame length on the weſt ſide of the river, and ſo running eaſt and weſt into the woods, as far as the Indians' right and title to the within mentioned lands) was on the 4th day of November, in the year of our lord, 1684, under the great ſeal of the province of New-York, granted unto Cornelius Van Dyck, Jan Janzen Bleecker, Peter Philipſe Schuyler, Johannes Wendell, Dirck Weſſells, David Schuyler and Robert Livingſton; And whereas a diviſion of part of the ſaid tract of land, has been made by the ſaid original proprietors above named on the 15th day of April, Anno Domini, 1685; and whereas alſo, another diviſion has been made, of other part of the ſaid tract or parcel of land, on the firſt day of June, Anno Domini, 1751; We the ſubſcribers, being part owners of the ſaid tract or parcel of land, granted as aforeſaid, do (by virtue of a certain act of the lieutenant governor, the council, and general aſſembly of this province of New-York, paſſed on the 8th day of January, in the year of our Lord, 1762, entitled, "an act for the more effectual collecting of "his Majeſty's quit-rents, in the colony of New-York, and for "partition of lands in order thereto;") hereby give notice, that Peter Lanſingh, Eſq; Nanning Viſſcher and Philip Van Renſſelaer, of the city of Albany, perſons not intereſted in the ſaid lands, are appointed commiſſioners to make partition of the remainder of all ſuch lands, creeks, rivers and falls of water, (as is not already divided) and comprehended in the ſaid abovementioned and deſcribed tract or parcel of land, excepting ſome part of the farm, now in poſſeſſion of John O'Farrell, with its appurtenances, ſituate at Still-Water; and that the ſaid commiſſioners will meet on the 5th day of Auguſt next enſuing the date hereof, at the houſe of Mr. Richard Cartwright, innholder, in the ſaid city of Albany; and all perſons intereſted in the ſaid lands are hereby required to attend on the day, and at the place aforeſaid, for the purpoſe abovementioned.

Dated this 14th day of May, Anno Domini, 1768.

PHILIP SCHUYLER,
JOHN R. BLEECKER,
JOHN GLEN,
JACOB BLEECKER.

24 27

WILLIAMSBURG, April 21.

EXTRACTS from the JOURNAL of the HOUSE of BURGESSES of Virginia.

Thurſday, the 7th of April, 8 Geo. III. 1768.

Reſolved, THAT it is the opinion of this Committee, That an humble and dutiful petition be preſented to our moſt Gracious Sovereign, to aſſure him of our moſt cordial and inviolable attachment to his ſacred perſon and government.

To acknowledge, with the higheſt ſenſe of gratitude, the many great and ſignal benefits we have reaped from our parent kingdom under the glorious and auſpicious reigns of his Majeſty and his predeceſſors; and with all humility, to ſubmit to his princely conſideration the tenor of our whole conduct, and that of our anceſtors, as the moſt lively evidence of our duty and affection.

To reiterate our unfeigned thanks to his Majeſty for his gracious and ready aſſent to the repeal of the late oppreſſive Stamp-Act, but, at the ſame time, in the moſt decent and reſpectful manner, to repreſent to him how very ſhort an interval of peace and happineſs we have enjoyed between that happy event and the enacting ſeveral late acts of the *Britiſh* Parliament equally burthenſome to his Majeſty's colonies in general, and, as we moſt humbly conceive, equally derogatory to their juſt rights and privileges.

To implore his fatherly protection of this and all our ſiſter colonies, whoſe true and eſſential intereſts will ever incline them not only to wiſh, but to promote the proſperity of Great-Britain, to the utmoſt of their abilities.

Reſolved, THAT it is the opinion of this Committee, That a memorial be prepared, to be laid before the Right Hon. the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of the Britiſh Parliament, to acknowledge the juſtice of Parliament in the repeal of the late oppreſſive Stamp-Act, formerly complained of, as derogatory to the rights of the people in this and the other colonies and provinces in America.

To expreſs our due ſenſe of the happineſs and ſecurity we derive from our connection with and dependence upon Great-Britain: The pleaſure we enjoy in a perſuaſion that our endeavours in making ſuch ſuitable returns for their protection, as might render the connection deſireable to both, have not been unſucceſsful; And our deep concern that any incident ſhould interrupt that harmony we wiſh ever to ſubſiſt.

To aſſert with decent firmneſs, becoming Freemen, but at the ſame time with great deference to the wiſdom of Parliament, the rights of the coloniſts, to be bound by ſuch laws only, reſpecting their internal polity or taxation, as are conſented to by Repreſentatives choſen by themſelves: And to repreſent, that we cannot but conſider ſeveral late acts of the Britiſh legiſlature, impoſing duties and taxes to be collected in the colonies, as an infringement of thoſe rights.

And to intreat their Lordſhips, the hereditary guardians of Britiſh Liberty, to interpoſe their power in procuring a repeal of thoſe acts, and in preſerving to us, his Majeſty's diſtant ſubjects, the full enjoyment of all our natural and conſtitutional rights.

Reſolved, THAT it is the opinion of this Committee, That a remonſtrance on the ſame ſubject, and to the like effect, be prepared, to be laid before the Hon. Houſe of Commons.

The ſaid reſolutions being ſeverally read a ſecond time, were, upon the queſtion ſeverally put thereupon, agreed to by the Houſe, *nemine contradicente*.

Ordered, That Mr. Bland, Mr. Treaſurer, Mr. Pendleton, Mr. Woodbridge, Mr. Archibald Cary, Mr. Blair, Mr. Dudley Digges, Mr. Page, Mr. Eyre, Mr. Francis Lightfoot Lee, Mr. Benjamin Harriſon, and Mr. Alexander, do draw up an humble and dutiful petition to his Majeſty, a memorial to the Right Hon. the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of the Britiſh Parliament, and a remonſtrance to be laid before the Honourable Houſe of Commons, purſuant to the ſaid reſolutions.

On Saturday laſt his Honour the Preſident was pleaſed to give his Aſſent to *An act for further con-*

the better regulating and ascertaining [illegible] Fees, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned, and 6 other Acts.

And alſo to a Reſolve for allowing William Rind, Printer, £. 375 : 0 : 0 per Annum.

Monday arrived here the Ship Havanna, Captain Nicholſon, in 7 Weeks and two Days from Dublin, who has brought the public Prints of that City to the 29th of March, from which we have the following Advice.

LONDON, *March* 8.

YESTERDAY Lord Aſton read his recantation of the errors of popery, embraced the proteſtant religion, and received the ſacrament at St. James's church.

A certain Lady of Quality, ſaying to her Daughter-in-Law, ſhe hop'd to ſee her have a Son? was anſwered—Never by your Son.

We hear the Right Hon. Lady, lately divorced, and lately again married, had 20,000 l. generouſly added to her Fortune by the noble Duke, her Ladyſhip's Brother.

We learn from Geneva, that the celebrated Mr. Voltaire, lies dangerouſly ill at his Seat at Ferney, near that City.

March 15. Mr. Wilkes has not obtained a Pardon, or the Promiſe of a Pardon.

We have been told, and we believe by pretty good Authority, that the Affair of Mr. Wilkes ſtands thus:—He intended to ſtand a Candidate for Weſtminſter, and to have ſtarted at the Poſt, which, if he had done, there would have been no Doubt of his Election. This the Friends of the other Candidates knew, and were determined to prevent, if poſſible; accordingly Mr. Wilkes was ſent for by a noble Duke, and they had a Conference on the Subject, in which it was propoſed, and promiſed, that if Mr. Wilkes would decline ſtanding for Weſtminſter, and at any future Opportunity could get a Borough or City, that then the noble Duke, with his Connections, would uſe all their Intereſt with the King for a Pardon. On this Mr. Wilkes declined Weſtminſter, and told his Friends the Probability he had of a Pardon, which was the Occaſion of its being given out that he had got it, in order to have Weight in the City, for which he was adviſed immediately to declare himſelf a Candidate; in which, if he ſucceeds, or for any other Place, he is then to have the Intereſt of the greateſt Families in the Kingdom to intercede for his Pardon.

It is ſaid, that it was debated in Council this Week, whether the *Capias Utlagatum* ſhould be executed on Mr. Wilkes; but carried in the Negative.

March 17. It is poſitiverly aſſerted, that laſt night, and not before, Mr. Wilkes was complimented with the royal pardon. LOND. E. P.

A Subſcription is begun at Lee and Ayton's, Bankers, in Lombard-ſtreet, to ſatisfy the Creditors of John Wilkes, Eſq; and to qualify him as an independent Member of the Houſe of Commons, and it is not doubted but that the Friends of Liberty will immediately favour ſo laudable an Undertaking.

We are informed that the Subſcription for ſatisfying the Demands of Mr. Wilkes's Creditors, fills a Pace; and that the firſt Day, a great Number of Gentlemen ſubſcribed £.150 each, and others £. 100. We hear that a thorough Reconciliation is likely to take Place between Mr. Wilkes and every Branch of his Family.

It is ſaid the Inhabitants of a certain Borough, are ſo eager to have a certain popular Gentleman for their Repreſentative, that they are reſolved not to nominate nor fix upon more than one Candidate 'till they know what will be his Fate in the Capital.

It is currently reported at the Weſt-End of the Town, that in Caſe Mr. W. does not get a Seat in the B. Senate, an Invitation will be given him to go to Dublin, to offer himſelf a Candidate for that City, along with the famous D. Lucas, who is juſtly ſtiled the Wilkes of Ireland.

We hear, that the favourite candidates with the Ladies, both at the Eaſt and Weſt End of the Town, are the Lord-mayor and Mr. Wilkes, who, they obſerve, are very properly coupled together on the Huſtings at Guild-hall.

It is ſaid, that ſhould Mr. Wilkes fail of being elected a Member of the Britiſh Senate, he intends to retire to Boſton in New-England.

March 19. Mr. Wilkes waited on the Chamberlain at his Houſe on Tueſday Evening, and took up his Freedom; and Yeſterday Morning, about Nine, o'Clock, went to Guild-hall, and was in the Council-chamber ſome Time; from whence he proceeded, with the reſt of the Candidates, upon the Huſtings, and was received by the People with loud Acclamations. He made the following Addreſs to the Livery:

"Gentlemen,

"I am happy to find myſelf once more amongſt the Friends and Patrons of Liberty. This Day makes me glorious Amends for the Rigour of a long, unmerited Exile, in which the only Conſolation remaining to me was, that from my Sufferings you had an uninterrupted Enjoyment of your moſt invaluable Rights and Privileges: Since the Exertion of my Firmneſs in an important Moment, no Miniſter has once dared to iſſue a General Warrant againſt your Perſons, or to ſign an Order for the potiſm [illegible] Subjects of this Country.

"I ſtand here, Gentlemen, a private Man, unconnected with the Great, and unſupported by any Party. I have no Support but you: I wiſh no other Support: I can have none more certain, none more honourable—If I have the Happineſs, Gentlemen, of being returned to Parliament by your Favour, I ſhall be ready to pay the greateſt Deference to the Sentiments of my Conſtituents on every Occaſion, and ſhall dedicate myſelf to their Service, by promoting to the utmoſt of my Abilities, the Trade and Commerce of this great Metropolis, by which alone it can maintain the firſt Rank it now enjoys, and I hope, with its Liberties, will ever enjoy."

Saturday in the Afternoon, John Wilkes, Eſq; was taken in an open Chair from Guild-Hall, preceded by a Band of Muſick, when he got to the End of King's-Street, a Number of the Populace took the Chair upon their Shoulders, and in that Manner conveyed Mr. Wilkes to the King's-Arms Tavern, in Cornhill, amidſt the Acclamations of an incredible Number of Spectators: When ſome of the Mob hoiſted Mr. Wilkes's Sedan-Chair on their Shoulders on Saturday, and bore him in that Manner to the King's-Arms Tavern in Cornhill; one Fellow hollowed out, as they were lifting him up, By G—d Maſter Wilkes, we'll carry you, whether you carry your Election or not. Its confidently aſſerted, that ſhould Mr. Wilkes fail of being returned a City Member, he intends to put up for Knight of the Shire for the County of Middleſex.

Yeſterday the Maſter of a public Houſe by the Side of the Fleet Market, hired the Hackney-coach, No. 45, and ſix black Horſes with long Tails, on the Top of which was a Man with a Flag, and another behind the Coach, who held the End of it, with blue Cockades in their Hats; and in this Manner he was carried to Guild-hall, accompanied in the Coach by a Fruiterer in the Fleet-market, and other Friends, and each of them gave ſingle Votes for John Wilkes, Eſq; from Guild-hall they proceeded in the ſame Manner over London and Weſtminſter Bridges, in their Return Home, followed by a Number of People huzzaing, and crying out, "Wilkes and Liberty!"

White-Hall, Council Office, March 21.

His Majeſty having cauſed the Cuſtody of the King's Seal to be re-delivered to the Rt. Hon. William Lord Chatham, a Council was this Day held at his Lordſhip's Houſe at Hays, where the Oath of Keeper of the Privy Seal, was adminiſtered to his Lordſhip.

The following is a genuine Copy of a Letter ſent by Mr. Wilkes, to Thomas Nutall, Eſq; and Thomas Francis, Etq; the Solicitor and Deputy-Solicitor of the Treaſury,

LONDON, March 23, 1768.

SIR,

"I Take the Liberty to acquaint you, that in the Beginning of the enſuing Term I ſhall preſent myſelf to the Court of King's-Bench. I pledge my Honour, as a Gentleman, that the very firſt Day [the 17th of April] I will there make my perſonal Appearance. I am, Sir, your moſt humble Servant, JOHN WILKES.

Yeſterday came on the Election for Members for the Borough of Southwark: when after the three Candidates had paraded round the Boroughwick in grand Cavalcade, who all, with their Friends, made a very grand Appearance, they drew up on St Margaret's Hill; and the Majority appearing to be for Mr. Thrale and Mr. Belchier, a Poll was demanded for Sir Joſeph Mawbey, which began Yeſterday, Afternoon. On the cloſe of Poll laſt Night the Numbers ſtood as follow:

For Henry Thrale, Eſq;	332
Sir Joſeph Mawbey, Bart.	199
William Belchier, Eſq;	153

March 24. Yeſterday Afternoon, at Four o'Clock, ended at Guildhall the Poll for Repreſentatives of this City in Parliament, when the Numbers ſtood thus:

For The Rt. Hon. Tho. Harley	3729
Sir Robert Ladbroke	3678
Mr. Alderman Beckford	3402
Mr. Alderman Trecothick	2957
Sir Richard Glyn	2823
John Patterſon, Eſq;	1769
John Wilkes, Eſq;	1247

The common Cryer proclaimed the Poll ended, and ſummoned a common Hall To-morrow at Nine o'Clock for the Sheriffs to make their Declaration.

The Crowd was ſo great Yeſterday at Guildhall, that ſeveral Perſons were greatly hurt; the Iron-gates belonging to the Hall were broke to Pieces, the Lamps therein were likewiſe demoliſhed, and other Damage done: Some of the Mob mounted the Huſtings, bid Defiance to the Conſtables, and ſwore they would chooſe Repreſentatives for themſelves. Mr. Wilkes upon this departed the Hall as ſoon as poſſible, in Hopes that the Clamour would then ceaſe; having firſt addreſſed the Livery as follows:

"Gentlemen and Fellow-citizens,

"The Poll being now finiſhed, I return my ſincereſt Thanks to thoſe diſintereſted and indepen- out of our Power to command, has not in the leaſt abated my Zeal for your Service. You cannot be unacquainted with the various Circumſtances which have contributed to it. My Friends were of Opinion that I ſhould wait the Diſſolution of the laſt ſlaviſh and venal Parliament, while the other Candidates had been for many Months ſoliciting your Intereſt, Miniſterial Influence, aſſiſted by private Malice, has been exerted in the moſt arbitrary and unconſtitutional Manner, and by Means of the baſeſt Chicanery and Oppreſſion.

"But though diſappointed, I am not in the leaſt diſpirited: On the contrary, I reflect with Pride and Gratitude on the many Inſtances of Regard and Affection I have received from the Livery of London.

"I beg Leave to make my beſt Acknowledgments to the Sheriffs, who have ſhewn the utmoſt Candour and impartiality during the Election, accompanied with a Dignity of Character becoming their Station in this great Metropolis.

"And now, Gentlemen, permit me to addreſs you as Friends to Liberty, and Freeholders of the County of Middleſex, declaring my Intention of appearing as a Candidate to repreſent you in Parliament; and ſtill hoping by your Means to have the Honour of being uſeful to you in the Britiſh Senate.

"Gentlemen of the Livery,

"I recommend it to you in the ſtrongeſt Manner to exert yourſelves to preſerve the peace and Quiet of this City."

Several Diſpatches of Importance, were ſent away Yeſterday to N. America.

His Serene Highneſs, Prince Charles of Heſſe-Caſſel, is expected here ſome Time in May on a Viſit to our Court.

According to private Letters from Senegal, there is Advice, that the French had offered a powerful Prince on the African Coaſt, a very large Sum of Money to exclude the Engliſh from trading in any Part of his Dominions.

Briſtol, March 19. We hear that there is ſo great a Demand for Proviſions in a certain Borough in the Weſt, that 300 Guineas have been given for half an Ox, and it is yet expected to be a more advanced Price.

DUBLIN, March 22.

Such Attention is paid to the glorious Cauſe of Liberty in this Kingdom, and eſpecially in this Metropolis, where it has been ever tenderly nurſed ſince its happy Fruits have been made known and underſtood, that we hear, in caſe that Martyr in the Cauſe, JOHN WILKES, Eſq; (who has been exiled from *his* Country) ſhould by the illicit Influence of Power, looſe his Seat for the Metropolis of the neighbouring Kingdom, he will be invited to ſtand a Candidate for the *Metropolis* of HIBERNIA, on the enſuing General Election: His Succeſs, where the Eſſence of Freedom and Independence has been ſo clearly demonſtrated, cannot be doubted,—Hear this, ye Sons of Liberty, and rejoice!

BOSTON, May 19.

Laſt Lord's-Day Evening between ten and eleven o'Clock, a ſmall Shock of an Earthquake was felt in this and ſome of the neighbouring Towns, attended with a rumbling Noiſe.

By Capt. Brown, in a ſhort Paſſage from the Weſt-Indies, we are informed, that the Lieut. Governor of Dominico, Mr. Dewar the Collector, and a Number of other Gentlemen, going on board a Man of War lying off in the Road, a Plank of the Boat in which they were, ſtarted, on which ſhe ſunk, and two of the Gentlemen were immediately drowned The Lieutenant Governor, who could not ſwim, got, on the back of one of the Sailors, who kept him above Water for ſome Time, but he being ſoon exhauſted, told the Lieut. Governor, that he muſt quit his Hold or they ſhould both go down together. The Governor begged hard to be ſupported a little longer, but the Sailor, finding himſelf ſinking, ſhook him off, and he was inſtantly drowned. The People on board the Man of War having ſeen the Boat ſink, immediately ſent their's to relieve them, which took up Mr. Dewar and the other Survivors.

CORNWALL, in Connecticut May 4.

This morning, at ſun half an hour high, was ſeen by Elijah Steele, and ſundry others (the air being ſmoaky or hazy) a dark ſpot in the ſun, about the bigneſs of half a dollar, about one third part from the upper ſide of the ſun; which was obſerved till after 9 o'clock A. M. by the help of ſmoak'd glaſſes, as the air grew more clear, and the ſun got up higher; in which time it had moved about half way from whence it was firſt obſerved, towards the top of the ſun.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.

Extract of a Letter from Fort, Pitt, dated May 9.

"I have now the Pleaſure of informing you, that the important Congreſs, which has been held here, with about twelve Hundred Indians (excluſive of Women and Children) is ſatisfactory concluded. Col. Croghan has been indefatigable; and never diſplayed his great Influence and Addreſs with the Natives, more ſignally and ſucceſsfully than at this Conference, as they met him with the ſtrongeſt Prepoſſeſſions againſt us, on Account of the repeated and cruel Murders of their Relations

vince, in no Inſtance, ever incurred an Expence more ſeaſonably, as it has effectually, for the preſent, compoſed the Minds of the Indians, and prevented an impending Rupture with them. If the Boundary is ſettled this Summer, and they are paid for their Ceſſion to the Crown, and the Frontier Inhabitants will not again ſhamefully violate the Laws of Hoſpitality and good Faith with them, (which both Chriſtianity and ſound Policy forbid) I am perſuaded theſe Colonies will long enjoy the ineſtimable Bleſſings of Trade and Tranquility."

Capt. Volans, from Briſtol, adviſes, that Capt. Tingley, of the Schooner Olive-Branch, belonging to New-York, intended ſailing for that Port about the firſt of laſt Month.

At the Supreme Court held at Carliſle, a few Days ago, a Man was tried for Burglary, and received Sentence of Death. During the Term, Bills were found, by the Grand Jury, againſt twenty-three of the Reſcuers of Stump and Ironcutter.

'Tis currently reported, that the notorious Stump and Ironcutter are taken up in Virginia, as Runaways. Further Particulars we have not Time to collect.

NEW-YORK, MAY 26.

At the Commencement in this City laſt Week, as mention'd in our laſt—after the uſual Exerciſes which gave general Satisfaction to a numerous and polite Audience, the PRESIDENT conferred Degrees upon the following Gentlemen, viz.

Benjamin Moore, Gouverneur Morris, John Stevens, Gulien Verplanck, James Ludlow, Charles Doughty, Peter Van Schaack. } B. A.

Revd. John Beardſley, Robert Livingſton, Egbert Benſon, } M. A.

And the following Gentlemen, *Profeſſors* of *Medicine*, were admitted, *eundem*,

Peter Middleton, Samuel Cloſſy, John Jones, Samuel Bard. } M. D.

And the Revd. Myles Cooper, L. L. D.

On the ſame Day two Silver Medals, were publickly preſented to Meſſrs. Moore and Morris, by the Literary Society.

Capt. Hunt informs us, that his Majeſty's Sloop of War, the Ferrit, Captain Bickerton, had lately put in to that Iſland, on her Voyage from Jamaica for London, having on board about £. 40,000 on Account of the London Merchants; that Captain Bickerton, had been in a bad State of Health, but was much recovered, and propoſed to ſail for London a few Days after Capt. Hunt.

Capt. Gibbs, of this Port ſailed from the Shore, for Jamaica, the 9th of April, with 40 Mules; and Capt. Chambers, of this Port alſo, was arrived at the Shore from Penſacola, and loſt one of his People in bad Weather, on the Paſſage.

His Excellency William Woodley, Eſq; Captain General and Commander in Chief of the Leeward Iſlands, arrived at Antigua the 10th of April, from England.

The Revd. Mr. Whitaker, is come Paſſenger with Captain Richards; and the Revd. Mr. Occum engaged his Paſſage with him alſo, but was detained by an Order from his Majeſty, on Account of ſome land Affairs.

Laſt Wedneſday Noon, the large new Houſe of Mr. Philip Ver Plank, jun of Fiſh-Kills, in Dutcheſs County, was burnt to the Ground, with almoſt all the Furniture therein, occaſioned by the Careleſsneſs of a Negro Wench who took up a Coal between two Chips into one of the upper Chambers to light her Pipe, when throwing the Coal into a Pail of Water, ſhe threw the burning Chips out of the Window, which lighting on the Piazza, and the Wind blowing freſh ſoon ſet it in Flames, and which blowing directly upon the Houſe, it was impoſſible to ſave it when it was firſt diſcovered. It is ſaid Mr. Verplanck in endeavouring to ſave ſome of the Goods had nearly been ſuffocated, and was with difficulty ſaved. The Loſs is computed to be near £. 3000.

We hear from Newark, that laſt Friday Morning, their Town-Hall was near being conſumed to Aſhes, ſuppoſed to have taken Fire by a live Cinder dropping upon the Roof from a Chimney in one of the Appartments, but was happily extinguiſhed by the Dexterity of the Inhabitants without doing any other Damage than conſuming Part of the Roof.

We hear from Perth-Amboy, that on Tueſday laſt Week his Excellency the Governor of New-Jerſey, gave his Aſſent to the following 23 Acts of the General Aſſembly of that Province, viz.

An Act for the Support of Government.

An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors.

An Act to erect and eſtabliſh Courts in the ſeveral Counties, for the Trial of ſmall Cauſes.

An Act to appoint Commiſſioners to furniſh the Barracks.

An Act for the better regulating Conſtables, Vendues, and Taverns.

An Act to continue an Act for granting a Bounty on Hemp, Flax, &c.

An Act for the Trial of Slaves for Murder, and other Crimes, &c.

An Act for the Septennial Election of Repreſentatives of the Colony of New-Jerſey.

An Act for chooſing Repreſentatives in the Counties of Morris, Cumberland, and Suſſex.

An Act to regulate the Fiſhery in the Eaſtern Diviſion, from the Mouth of Rariton, Northward.

An Act to empower the Inhabitants of Bridewater and Bedminſter, in the County of Somerſet, to repair their High Ways by Hire.

An Act to impower the Inhabitants of Pequanock in Morris County, to repair their Highways by Hire, &c.

An Act to repair public Roads in South-Amboy by Hire, &c.

An Act to repair and mend the Roads and Streets in the North Ward of Perth-Amboy, &c.

An Act to build a Bridge over South-River, &c.

A Supplementary Act to an Act, to regulate the Method of taking Fiſh in Delaware River, &c.

An Act to enable Creditors more eaſily to recover Debts from joint-Partners.

An Act appointing Commiſſioners to ſell a Quantity of Gun-Powder and Lead, &c. belonging to the Colony.

An Act to oblige the Aſſeſſors to deliver Duplicates of their Aſſeſſments.

An Act to oblige Town-Officers to hand over the Laws to their Succeſſors.

An Act to enable the Owners and Poſſeſſors of the Lower Meadows on Woodbury Creek, to dam out the Tide.

And to two Naturalization Bills, after which his Excellency was pleaſed to prorogue the General Aſſembly to the 31ſt Inſtant.

On Monday laſt his Excellency the Governor ſet out, attended by ſeveral Gentlemen of the Province, for Albany, in his Way to the Mohawk Country, in order to ſettle ſome Provincial Diſputes which have ſubſiſted for ſome Time with the Indian Nations, and to forward the running out of the general Boundary Line, agreeable to his Majeſty's Orders to Sir William Johnſon, Bart. for that Purpoſe.

Notices to our Correſpondents.

[The Piece, *To all thoſe whom it may concern*, on *Male and Female Brokers*, &c. We apprehend could have no good Effect at this Time, and would *needleſsly* occaſion Ill Will to the Printer.

The Piece, on *Pulpit Plagiaries*, is thought to be quite inapplicable to this Time and Place; beſides, that it contains nothing new upon the Subject, and ſeems rather calculated to fix the Imputation of imaginary Faults, than to correct real ones. It appears that the Author had not fully conſider'd his Subject.

Advertiſements are always ready Money Articles, they ought ever to be attended with a proper Recommendation,—more eſpecially when they come from Strangers.

The Advertiſement of the Swimming Race, ſeems to be wholly calculated for the Author's own Uſe; and tho' the Meaning of the particular Parts of it are unintelligible to the Printer, yet it is ſufficiently evident, that the general Deſign of it is, to expoſe and ridicule ſome particular Perſons, who have fallen under the Author's Reſentment—not from any Faults in themſelves, but for not acting agreeably to his Views.—Of the ſame Nature are the Verſes, ſent a few Weeks ago, addreſſed to the Candidates of ———

The Printer begs his Correſpondents not to expect him to be more generous than themſelves,—nor that he ſhould print Matters of private Concern, from unknown Perſons, and that even without a Motive,—which they who are really intereſted are afraid or aſhamed to put their Names to.

The Poets Corner this Week was fill'd up before the Printer received the Favours of the Lines from *his female Friends*, from *Coridon* to *Damon*, and *Fair Play*; each of which ſhall have their Places, one after another.]

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, Inward Entries.

Albany Richards, from London. Havanna, Nicholſon, Dublin. Mary, Turner, Coracoa. Mary, Morgan, Bermuda. Sally, Fields, Antigua. William and Elizabeth Robinſon, Muſquitoes. Providence Packet, Collard; and Sally, Pratt, Rhode-Iſland, Endeavour, Ellis, Philadelphia. Speedwell, Hayer, Falmouth.

Outwards.—Sarah, Morgan, for St. Kitts. Speedwell, Smith, Boſton. William and Elizabeth, Anderſon, St. Euſtatia. Betſy, Coglan, Newfoundland.

Cleared.—Ellin, Clarke, to Briſtol. Liberty, Prince, Coracoa. Britannia, Barnaby; Charlotte, Gibbons; and Bonetta, Hume, Newfoundland. St. John, Stewart, Madeira. Neptune, Dawſon, Grenadoes. Polly, Shand, St. Euſtatia. Rebecca, Cragg. Tortola. Sally, Schermerhorne, So. Carolina. Goldfinch, Gandall, Halifax. Ranger, Cox, Boſton. Iſabella, Hampton, Penſacola. Two Brothers, Warner, Rhode-Iſland. Cornelia, Giſford, Jamaica. Franklin, Farmer, Liſbon.

Spermacæti Candle WORK.

THE *Proprietors of the Spermacati Work, in this City, beg Leave to acquaint the Public, that they have erected this (the firſt of the Kind in the Province) Work at a conſiderable Expence, and having brought it to as great Perfection as any on the Continent, they flatter themſelves their Candles and Oil, will have the Preference with the Gentlemen of this City, while the Quality is as good and the Price the ſame as the beſt at Market. Thoſe who ſhall pleaſe to favour us with their Orders, may be ſupply'd, by applying to* Iſaac Stoutenburgh, *ſenior, or junior*; William Heyer, *in Smith-Street, or* James Jarvis, *Hatter, in French Church-Street.* 25 28

Be

At th
the
call'd,

PRO

A JOURN

Lord Townly,
Manly, by Mr.
Sir Francis Wronghead, by
Count Baffet, by Mr. W
'Squire Richard, by Mr. WOO
John Moody, by Mr. TOMLINSON,
Lady Grace, by Mrs. HARMAN,
Lady Wronghead, by Miſs WAINWRIGHT,
Miſs Jenny, by Miſs HALLAM,
Mrs. Motherly, by Mrs. TOMLINSON,
Myrtilla, by Mrs. WALL,
Lady Townly, by Miſs CHEER,
End of the PLAY, Singing by Mr. WOOLLS,

After which, an occaſional Epilogue, will be ſpoken by Mr. WALL, in the Character of DON QUIXOTTE, *riding on an Aſs.*

Sancho Pancho, his 'Squire, by Mr. TOMLINSON.

To which will be added, a *Ballad Farce*, call'd,

A WONDER!

An *Honeſt* YORKSHIREMAN.

Gaylove, by Mr. HALLAM,
Sapſcull, by Mr. WALL,
Muckworm, by Mr. MORRIS,
Slango, by Mr. TOMLINSON,
Blunder, by Mr. RAWORTH,
Arabella, by Miſs HALLAM,
Comb-bruſh, by Miſs CHEER.

To conclude with the much admired SONG, of *MAD BESS, in Character*, by Miſs WAINWRIGHT.

A proper Precaution has been taken, to keep the Houſe cool.

To begin exactly at half an Hour after Six o'Clock.

Vivat Rex & Regina.

☞ TICKETS, to be had at the uſual Places, and of Mr. Wall, at Mrs. Sproull's, in De Peyſter's-Street, near the Fly-Market.

☞ *It having been reported about Town, that Mr. Wall, intends to poſtpone his Benefit of this Evening; He takes this Method to inform the Public, that ſuch Report is falſe and malicious, and propagated with an Intent to injure him, being reſolved not to defer it on any Conſideration whatſoever.*

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in New-Jerſey, near Princeton, on the twentieth of this inſtant May, a Dutch ſervant man, named Paulus Abzicher, alias Peter Abzicher; ſpeaks very little Engliſh, aged about forty years, ſix feet high, or upwards, is a well ſet luſty fellow, of a ſtern countenance, has a large noſe, a ſandy complexion, and a very large beard: Had on when he went away, a felt hat about half worn, a new homeſpun drugget coat, of a ſnuff colour, with white metal buttons; a good jack[illegible] out ſleeves or pockets, of a greyiſh colour, with a different colour under each arm, (running d good homeſpun ſhirt, old ſheep-ſkin breeches. pale blue yarn ſtockings, and good ſhoes, them. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſer his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that his maſter may ha ſhall have the above reward paid by me, Is

NOAH NOBLE,

Coach-Harneſs-Maker, from LONDON;

At the Lower End of the Broad-way, near the Bowling-green;

BEGS Leave to acquaint the Public, That he makes and repairs all Kinds of Harneſs for Coaches, Chairs, Bridles &c. Likewiſe Gears for Carts; Sleighs, after a much neater and better Manner than has ever been executed in this Country. Any Gentlemen who will be pleaſed to employ him, ſhall be ſerved faithfully, and at the very lower prices, and the favour of their Commands moſt gratefully acknowledged, by

Their moſt humble Servant,

23 26 NOAH NOBLE.

WENT adrift or ſtolen, out of Coenties-Slip, on Saturday the 30th of April laſt, a ſmall PETITAUGRE, ſuppoſed to be about 20 Feet long, painted with a green Streak on her Sides.—Whoever has taken her up, (or if ſtolen, will diſcover the Perſon) by giving Notice of the ſame to the Printer hereof, ſhall have a reaſonable Reward for his Trouble. 23 26

FERDINAND,

A Beautiful dark bay HORSE, near ſeventeen hands high, riſing eight Years old; was brought to America about eighteen months ago, by the ſubſcriber for the improvement of the breed of Horſes in America. The ſire of him was a famous Spaniſh Horſe, belonging to Lord Kintore, in Scotland ſent to his Lordſhip by his brother from Spain: For ſhape and complete make in all his parts, he is allowed by the beſt judges to equal if not exceed any Horſe brought from Europe to this part of America; will ſerve mares the enſuing ſeaſon at Morriſdon, in the county of Monmouth, eaſt New-Jerſey, for the ſum of Four Pounds proclamation; and if the mares don't prove with foal, they may be brought and ſerved the next ſeaſon, for Two Pounds proclamation.

N. B. Good paſture for mares, at a reaſonable rate.

MICHAEL KEARNEY.

Seventeen Pounds Reward,

FOR returning or ſecuring the five following Runaways, viz. A very ſmall Man Thomas Beaile, who eſcaped from Suſſex Gaol, in New-Jerſey, about eight Days ago, has remarkably large Eyes, is an Engliſh Man, and ſaid he was well acquainted with one Mr. Higgins living in the City of New-York.

Four Men who went off from *Chang Water Forge*, in *Suſ-* County, the 26th Inſtant viz.

Jacob Newtown, about 37 Years of Age, a ſturdy reſo- e Man, about 6 Feet high, born in New-England, by Trade Black-Smith and Collier, but laterly employ'd as a Wood utter; his Apparel is not remember'd. Another Man named Cornelius, (his Surname unknown) about 5 Feet 10 or 11 Inches high, full faced, broad ſhoulder'd,—and had on a Felt Hat. William Morris, about 35 Years of Age, 5 Feet 5 Inches high, ſpeaks broad Engliſh; had on a blue Coat, faced with Red, a Pair of cloth Brecches, a Check Shirt, and an old Felt Hat. Theſe three Men took with them three narrow Axes, two Guns, and an Iriſh Servant Man, named Thomas Murphy, whom it is ſuppoſed they will endeavour to ſell as their own Property; he is about 20 Years of Age, 5 Feet 5 Inches high, has black Hair, is a Shoe-Maker by Trade, had on a Sailors blue Waiſtcoat, and under Waiſtcoat, a Pair of new Buckſkin Breeches, new fulled Stockings, and a Felt Hat. It is thought they will endeavour to get to New-England, or the upper Part of New-York Government. Whoever takes up and returns all or any of the ſaid Perſons, or ſecures them, ſo that they may be brought to the Subſcriber, giving him proper Notice, ſhall receive for the Man firſt mention'd, who eſcaped from Gaol, Five Pounds, and for each of the others ſo ſecured or returned, Three Pounds Reward for each, beſides all reaſonabte Charges.

18 21 JACOB STARN.

RUN away, a Negro man named Harre, about 30 or 35 years of age, is ſhort, has broad ſhoulders, large ſtaring eyes, remarkable ſmall legs, large feet, and walks ſomething lame, having had his toes frozen: he ſpeaks Engliſh and low Dutch, has lived formerly in the counties of Orange, Dutches, and Albany, with Mr. Dingman of Kinderhook. Whoever brings home the ſaid Negro, or ſecures him in any gaol, giving notice to Mr James Abeel, merchant in New-York, or to the ſubſcriber in Albany, ſhall receive three pounds reward, and reaſonable charges. 22 25

Albany, 12*th April* 1768. PHILIP SCHUYLER.

TO BE SOLD,

A Lot of land, containing ſixteen acres, in the bounds of Harlem, in the out ward of this city, next and adjoining the Hon. Roger Morris's, Eſq; country ſeat, bounded by the King's high way, and runs down and binds on Harlem river; great part of ſaid lot will bear extraordinary crops of hay, it's very pleaſantly ſituated for a gentleman's country ſeat; alſo two houſes with three lots of ground, lying oppoſite Mr. Jacobus Stoutenburgh's, in the ſtreet leading from Oſwego market, to north-river: For further particulars inquire of John Bogert, jun. who will give an indiſputable title for the ſame. New-York, April 8. 18 22

A New Map of the Province of New-York and New-Jerſey, with Part of Pennſylvania, and the Government of Trois Rivieres and Montreal, drawn by Capt. Holland, engraved by Thomas Jefferies, Geographer to his Majeſty; four and a half Feet high, Breadth 22 Inches: Alſo the Map of the Globe, and the four Quarters, in four Sheets, two Sheets and one Sheet—in Sheets or on Canvis and Rollers. Maps and Charts of different Sorts and Sizes. Variety of large and ſmall Metzitinto and engraved Prints, Jappaners do. drawing and Copy Books, Oil and Water Colours in Shells, Limners and Black Lead Pencils, red and black Chalk, and Variety of Limners and Jappaners Articles, with Varniſh of all Kinds, too tedious to mention; Sold by G. DUYCKINCK, at the Univerſal Store, at the Corner of the Old Slip-Market. 22 25

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couragement of Arts in the different Provinces of America.

JOHN MORRIS, Gunflint-Cutter to his Majeſty's Board of Ordnance, in the Kingdom of Ireland, is willing to come and eſtabliſh that Branch in any of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in America, if properly encouraged for eſtabliſhing ſuch an uſeful Branch, whereon depends the Safety and Protection of his Majeſty's Royal Perſon, his Dominions and Subjects in general. It has always been my Study to propogate ſuch uſeful Arts, as tends to the Public Good, therefore I earneſtly entreat your Conſideration on this Branch; likewiſe the Art of Mines, Minerals and Mineral Waters, and refining Lead and Copper.

I am Gentlemen, a Friend to Liberty and Freedom,

Dublin, 20*th Jan.* 1768. JOHN MORRIS.

N. B. Pleaſe to ſend your Propoſals directed to me at William Gun's, Eſq; in Peter-Street, Dublin. 22 25

Henry Ogden,

TAYLOR,

HAS remov'd from Peck's Slip, to the Houſe of Mr. Richard Kip, oppoſite the Oſwego Market, Where he ſhall be ready to wait on his Cuſtomers, and Others, as uſual, and hopes to receive their Commands.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold on the loweſt Terms, for Caſh, or ſhort Credit, by

JAMES NIXON,

A Neat aſſortment of broad cloths, forreſt cloths, bath coatings, narrow and broad frizes, duffles, coatings, kerſeys ſtriped linſeys, flannels, rugs, blankets, horſe cloths, floor cloths, ſaddle cloths, and other ſaddlery; ſerge ſhalloons, ſhalloons, rattinet, budoys, white and coloured jeans, India jennets, India dimity, drawboys and herringbones narrow and 22 inch broad callimancoes and ruſſetts fit for ſhoes, broad and narrow worſted bindings, gartering, ribbons, ferreting, wig ribbons, ſilk and cotton laces, gold, ſilver and ſilk men's knee garters, the neweſt faſhioned gold and ſilver hat laces and bands, with torſels; gold and ſilver chains, and herringbone, and a large aſſortment of all other hat trimmings. A neat aſſortment of men's & women's ſilk cotton, thread, worſted, & ſilk & worſted hoſe, ſilk and worſted breeches patterns, and ſhagg, low-priced Iriſh and Scotch linen, tickings, buckram, poledewey, and other ſtay-maker's trimmings, a large aſſortment of buttons of the neweſt faſhion, gold, ſilver and metal, ſtich'd ſcarff and baſkets, wove campains, mohair and ſcarf death-heads, 12 and 12, and all breſt, buttons and twiſt fit for ſhop-work, twiſt, ſewing ſilk and purſe-ſilk, taylors-irons ſheers and notches, verdigriſe, logwood, copperas and ſeal-ſkins. Beſt oyl flints, and an exceeding neat and good eight day clock.

N. B. Buttons, twiſt, and hat trimmings, ſold much cheaper than uſual, Connecticut lawful money will be taken, and for caſh great allowance will be made to town or country ſtores, taylors, ſtay makers, &c. &c.

Hendrick Oudenaarde, *Broker,*

IS removed from Rotten-Row, to Hanover-Square, to the Houſe wherein Mr. Richard Van Dyck formerly lived, next Door to Mr. Rudolphus Van Dyck, and nearly oppoſite to Mr. H. Gaine's Printing-Office;—where he begs Leave to acquaint the Public and Inhabitants of this City, that he has to ſell, by wholeſale and retail, Choice Teas, Sugars, Coffee, Indigo, Pepper, Rice, Pimento, &c. and kindly deſires the Continuance of their Cuſtom.

He likewiſe Charters Veſſels for different Ports of Europe and the Weſt-Indies. ALSO,

Collects in Freight Money, Manages Tranſactions relating to the Accounts of Veſſels and Cargoes, for both Maſters and Owners.

And from the Encouragement of ſuch Gentlemen as have been pleaſed to favour him with their Commands in letting Money upon Intereſt, he has a Proſpect to continue letting Money more or leſs throughout the Year, as it ſhall occaſionally come to Hand, and therefore without ſpecifying certain Sums, informs the Public, that they may be further ſupplied upon perſonal Security, or Mortgages upon Houſes or Lands, as ſhall be approved of, and the ſtricteſt Honour, Secrecy, and Diſpatch ſhall be obſerved in the Execution of his Office, by their moſt obedient humble Servant.

Said Oudenaarde ſupply's Orders in Town, Country, or elſewhere abroad, with Care and Expedition, at a moderate Brokerage. 23 26

TO BE LET,

A Very good convenient Houſe, with a Store Houſe, Cellar Kitchen, back Kitchen, a large Yard and Garden, with a Stable and a ſpacious Stone Ciſtern, now in the Poſſeſſion of Mr. Matthew Clarkſon; who will Rent the whole for £. 60 per Annum.—For further Particulars, inquire of ſaid Matthew Clarkſon. 22 25

WANTED to purchaſe for an Aſſortment of Dry Goods, a Veſſel from 100 to 110 Tons Burthen, either the Hull finiſhed from the Stocks or fitted, and has made a few Voyages: Direct to THOMAS FREEMORE, at Hugh Gaine's, in New-York. 22 25

TO BE SOLD,

A Houſe and Lot of Ground near the Tea Water Pump upon Mr. Rooſevelt's Ground, 120 Feet deep, 26 Front and Rear, a good Garden and Graſs Plat with a Pump in the Yard, a Stable in the Front; a ſmall back Cellar with a good Kitchen and Oven in it:

(22 25) Inquire of CHARLES LEWIS.

WHEREAS the Copartnerſhip of JAMES and SAMUEL SACKETT, expired in May 1766; all thoſe indebted to ſaid Partnerſhip, are deſired to pay off the ſame very ſpeedily, elſe they may expect to be troubled: And whoever has any Demands againſt ſaid Partnerſhip, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, and they ſhall be paid.

JAMES SACKETT,
22 25 SAMUEL SACKETT.

TO BE SOLD,

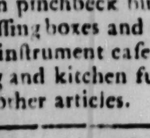
To be ſold at Public Vendue, at the Merchant's Coffee-Houſe, on Wedneſday the eighth Day of June next,

THE Houſe and Lot of Ground wherein William Hawxhurſt now lives, oppoſite to Burling's Slip: the Houſe is two Stories and a half high, three Rooms on a Floor, a large back Parlour with a Cellar Kitchen under it, a large Yard and Garden, with a Pump and Ciſtern the Lot is 28 Feet wide, in Front and Rear, and 193 Feet in Length, has two Houſes on the Rear, which rent for £. 46 a Year and Taxes.——Alſo to be let,—A Houſe and Garden, lying along the Eaſt River, next to the Houſe of Mr. ley: Inquire of JAMES CEBRA, next Door to Mr. don's. 22 25

TO BE SOLD immediately,

The Ship ELLIN,

JOHN CLARK, Maſter;



FOR Freight or Paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter on board, at Cruger's-Wharf. 23 26

RK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing done in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertiſements of no more Length than Breadth are inſerted for lings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertiſements in the ſame Proportion.

SUPPLEMENT to the NEW-YORK JOURNAL, OR GENERAL ADVERTISER.—NUMB. 1325.

[THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1768.]

WILLIAMSBURG *in Virginia, April* 21, 1768.

MONITOR X.

——————Hinc ſpargere voces
In vulgum ambiguas et quærere conſcius arma. *

THE great art of Mr. *Grenville* and his partiſans has been, to ſpread ſuch rumours among the people of *Great-Britain*, as, by inflaming their paſſions, ſhould hurry them, contrary to what reaſon would have dictated, into an approbation and ſupport of his arbitrary meaſures. With this view every expreſſion of diſcontent under his ruinous and oppreſſive adminiſtration was imputed to a deſire in thoſe colonies to diſſolve all connection with *Britain*; every tumult here, was inflamed into rebellion.

Let it be our ſtudy, my countrymen to invalidate theſe pernicious endeavours, as far as is conſiſtent with the maintainance of our juſt rights. Let our oppoſition, while it is *animated* by a full ſenſe of our privileges as freemen, be *moderated* by that reſpect and tenderneſs which are due to friends and brothers. *Soft words turn away wrath*, and if the people in *Britain* have been deceived and incenſed, by the guileful practices and inflammatory arts of thoſe who are equally enemies to both, let us fruſtrate their miſchievous intentions, by gently recalling the people to their reaſon, by treating them, as if *they had haſtily ſhot their arrows o'er the houſe, and hurt their brothers.*

It muſt not be judged from what I have ſaid, that we ſhould reſign one atom of our rights, or ever deſiſt from aſſerting and ſupporting them; but the direful neceſſity of doing this, by other inſtruments than reaſon, is not yet come; when it does, Heaven only muſt decide the controverſy. We are engaged in a conteſt the moſt dignified and important of any that can claim the attention or the lives of men; a conteſt for liberty: Let us preſerve its dignity unſullied by ourſelves, unimpaired by others. The more we reflect on the cauſe we are vindicating, the more fully ſhall we be convinced of its juſtneſs, the more immutably ſhall we be determined in its ſupport. For my own part, every hour I conſider the late attempts upon our liberties, makes them appear more monſtrous, more replete with oppreſſion, more abſolutely productive of a tremendous deſpotiſm.

It may well be ſuppoſed, that Mr. *Grenville* and his abettors, are conſcious of the badneſs of their cauſe, how little it will bear the teſt of reaſon, when they endeavour to ſupport it by inflammatory exaggerations, by infuſing ſuſpicions, jealouſies and prejudices into men's minds; and executing that by *paſſion*, which they deſpair of accompliſhing by *reaſon*. A meaſure ſo ſupported, wears a very ſuſpicious aſpect; nor is its gloom much diſpelled, by the act declarative of a right to tax theſe colonies, in whatever manner they pleaſe. When a meaſure was adopted of taxing us without our conſent, and we deeming it invaſive of our privileges as freemen, and violative of the conſtitution, denied the right by which it was done; the paſſing an act declarative of that right, was confeſſing either that it did not exiſt before, or was very dubious. Reſolutions are both the proper and ſufficient means of declaring a right, that is real and original. The bringing in a bill, and paſſing an act, *looked like eſtabliſhing ſome new and aſſumed power*; not declaring an original right. "Beſides an act of parliament, ſays my Lord *Camden*, newly made, is not ſo venerable in the eyes of the world, or ſo ſecure againſt future alterations, as the old common law of the land, which has been from time immemorial the inheritance of every *Engliſhman*, and is on account of its antiquity, held, as it were, ſacred in every man's mind." †

Now this my countrymen is our claim, the old common law of the land, the conſtitution, the immemorial inheritance of every *Engliſhman*, the ſacred right of participating by our repreſentatives, in the legiſlature, and maintaining that privilege, which ſo naturally belongs to us, of giving our money by our own conſent, or that of our real repreſentative. Any tax or impoſition whatever, laid upon us, without our conſent, is a violation of this conſtitution, ſo ſacred for its wiſdom, ſo venerable for its antiquity. Its antiquity, which we may trace, with the ſagacious *Monteſquieu*, into the woods of *Germany*. ‡ And ſhall a novel act of parliament ſubvert this ſacred and venerable monument of antiquity and freedom? It ſeemed to me not improper to take notice of this declarative act of parliament; that thoſe of my countrymen, who have not leiſure to inquire far into ſuch things, may not be deceived into an opinion, that it has more authority than is conſiſtent with the liberty we claim. *Our freedom is what we can neither give up, nor they take from us*; and therefore, even an act of parliament, is limited in this reſpect, like the imperious waves of the ocean, hither it may come, but no further. It cannot touch or ſubvert that conſtitution, in which its own exiſtence is founded. "God has made us, ſays my Lord *Bolingbroke*, to deſire *happineſs*, he has made that happineſs dependent on *ſociety*, and the happineſs of ſociety on good or bad government; his intention therefore was that government ſhould be good." I would ſay farther, that the happineſs of ſociety depends upon *free government*, for this is the only form which conſults and provides for the good, ſecurity, and happineſs of many; in oppoſition to the will and pleaſure of one, or of a few. * It is moſt certain, that men cannot be happy or virtuous in that ſociety, where the will of one is the law; where liberty, life, and property, are in the arbitration of one, or a few perſons; in ſo precarious, ſo perillous a ſituation, happineſs and virtue can rarely, if at all, be found. Inſenſibility of the ills, to which they are expoſed, the wretched boon of long and painful ſuffering, ſometimes aſſumes, even in ſlavery, the ſpecious form of happineſs; but how poor is this, when compared with that inexpreſſibly happy feeling, which conſcious dignity and worth inſpire.

Where freedom in the ſtreets is known,
And tells a Monarch on his throne,
He lives, he reigns, by her alone. †

Impious then and deteſtable is the attempt, to take from men, by force or guile, that liberty in which their happineſs and virtue conſiſt: impious the government which pampers and inflames the vices of a few, by the groans, the tears, the miſeries of many. Let every abettor of deſpotiſm, every ſubverter of freedom, take care, that conſcience do not beſet his pillow with thorns, that he *heap not upon his own head, coals of fire*; the vengeance of an injured and incenſed people, may at length ſeize him, or the cries of oppreſſion lift the red hand of Heaven againſt his execrated head.

It is a happineſs reſulting from the cauſe we maintain, that recollection, while it fills the hearts of our adverſaries with bitterneſs and anguiſh, will be forever pleaſing to us. The juſt gratulations of our own hearts, the applauſe of mankind, the bleſſings which our poſterity, whoſe rights we are defending, muſt beſtow upon us, will be like balm to every wound, a cordial in every hardſhip we may ſuſtain. The *queſtion* now is, whether *we* ſhall be *ſlaves or freemen*, whether *we* ſhall *bequeath bondage or liberty to our children*; wherefore I beſeech you, my countrymen, that on this great occaſion, ye be determined in your conduct; and attentive to its iſſue.

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* Conſcious of the baaneſs of his cauſe, he thenceforward began to ſpread falſe reports, and inflame the people to violence.

† On general warrants, &c.

‡ Si l'on veut lire l'admirable ouvrage de Tacite ſur les mœurs des Germains, on verra que c'eſt d'eux que les Anglois ont tire l'idee de leur gouvernement politique ce beau ſyſteme a ete trouve dans les bois. Tom. 1. p. 221.

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* *It is under the* government of laws *only*, not of men, *that happineſs and virtue are to be found; that is, where the laws, which regulate our conduct in ſociety, are divulged, and they who are to execute them, cannot pervert or tranſgreſs them with impunity.*

Arbitrary power, ſays the ingenious Hume, *in all caſes, is ſomewhat oppreſſive and devouring; but 'tis altogether ruinous and intolerable, when contracted into a ſmall compaſs; and becomes ſtill worſe, when the perſon who poſſeſſes it, knows that the time of his authority is limited and uncertain.* Habet ſubjectos, tanquam ſuos; viles ut alienos. *He governs the ſubjects with full authority, as if they were his own; and with negligence or tyranny, as belonging to another. A people, governed after ſuch a manner, are ſlaves in the full and proper ſenſe of the word; and 'tis impoſſible they can ever aſpire to any refinements in taſte, or reaſon. They dare not ſo much as pretend to enjoy the neceſſaries of life in plenty, or ſecurity." Now whoever will reflect a moment, muſt perceive the fate of theſe colonies delineated above, ſhould the right lately aſſumed over us, by the* Britiſh *parliament, be once eſtabliſhed. The miniſter, for the time being, would have an abſolute power, with reſpect to us, it would be contracted into a ſmall compaſs, exerted, comparatively over a few, and would be therefore ruinous and intolerable.*

† *Dr.* AKENSIDE.

LONDON,

March 2 Letters from Peterſburgh, dated Jan. 28, ſay, "We learn from Moſcow, that when M. Pſarſky, Reſident of the King of Poland, preſented to her Imperial Majeſty lately a Memorial ſoliciting the enlargement of the priſoners of ſtate, the Empreſs replied, "That as ſhe had not cauſed them to be arreſted but upon ſolid repreſentations, and only for the welfare of the Republic, the very ſame reaſons obliged her to detain them; whereby there will be more ſafety to the Diet, and greater hope of re-eſtabliſhing the peace of the nation; inſtead of which, if ſhe ſhould conſent to ſet them at liberty, it would rather be abandoning the ſtate to them, than reſtoring them to it."

They write from Warſaw, that as ſoon as the Reſolutions reſolved on by the grand Commiſſion have been ratified by the Diet, the Sieur Poninſki (Secretary to the ſaid Commiſſion) will be ſent to Rome, in quality of Miniſter Plenipotentiary from the King and Republick of Poland, to inform the Pope of their motives for re-eſtabliſhing the Diſſidents in their ancient rights, and to deſire his Holineſs to withdraw his Nuncio, and not to ſend any more to Poland, but to inveſt the Prince Primate, with the Character of Hereditary Legate.

An extraordinary Council has been called at Madrid, to conſider of the following points, which are to be propoſed in particular to the Biſhops. 1. The cauſe of expelling the Jeſuits. 2. How their effects are to be applied. 3. The cenſure of their books. 4. A Reform of the ſecular and regular Clergy. 5. A Reform of the Eccleſiaſtical Courts. 6. The provincial and dioceſan Councils. 7. The erection of places of education in every dioceſe. 8. A Reform of the Univerſities, and a new method of teaching the Sciences. 9. The infringements on the Royal Authority. 10. Appeals to the Nunciature. 11. A prohibition of appealing to Rome, except in extraordinary caſes. 12. A prohibition of Ordination by inheritance. 13. Contracts injuring the royal revenue. 14. A reſtriction of Eccleſiaſtical Privileges. 15. The Court of Inquiſition, and Briefs for raiſing money. And, laſtly, 16. Diſpenſations for marrying, or other purpoſes.

This morning, about five o'clock, a fire broke out in the library of the Right Hon. Gen. Conway, at his houſe in Warwick-ſtreet, near Pall-mall, which deſtroyed ſeveral books, papers, and ſome furniture, before it was extinguiſhed; it burnt very fierce for ſome time, and it was with great difficulty the whole building was preſerved.

March 7. Several Gentlemen of a celebrated Club at the weſt end of the town aſſert, that by as nice a calculation as the nature of the circumſtance will admit, there will not be leſs then 15,600l. a day ſpent, for upwards of thirty days together (immediately ſucceeding the diſſolution of Parliament) on and upon account of the General Election in Great-Britain.

Letters from Paris adviſe, that 12 perſons in the generality of Lyons were attacked laſt month by a wolf, which had terribly mangled ſome of them: but the beaſt was afterwards killed by an inhabitant of Savigny. Two of the perſons who were bit by him are ſince dead, and ſeveral of the others received ſuch wounds as are thought incurable.

On Saturday laſt a Popiſh Prieſt was bound over in a bond of 400l. to appear at the Court of King's Bench the firſt day of next Term, to anſwer to a complaint for exerciſing his function contrary to the Statute.

It's ſuppoſed there will be a greater number of new Members choſen for Scotland, for the enſuing Parliament, than has been known at any time ſince the Union.

Some letters from Berlin adviſe, that the King of Pruſſia is going to lay claim to Royal or Poliſh Pruſſia; alledging that as his grandfather Frederick III. was crowned the firſt King of Pruſſia in the year 1700, and was then ſatisfied with half the Pruſſian dominions, he, as his ſucceſſor, claims the whole according to his title, as alſo the revenue it has produced from the year 1700 to this time.

ISLE of CAPREA, January 22.

SINCE this Iſland has been under the dominion of General Paoli, many ancient coins have been found under ground, both gold and ſilver, ſtruck in the reign of the Emperor Tiberius.

Coblentz, Feb. 12. We have received advice that Prince Clement of Saxony was yeſterday unanimouſly elected Archbiſhop of Triers.

Triers, Feb. 22. Yeſterday the new Archbiſhop made his entry, and was preſented by the Magiſtrates with the keys of the city gates. This day his Royal Highneſs was enthroned in the cathedral.

TO BE SOLD,

A Plantation lying and being in Middletown, County of Monmouth and Province of Eaſt-New-Jerſey, containing two or three Hundred Acres, either more or leſs as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſer; ſituate within one Mile and a Half of Middletown-Point, and two Miles of Chingerora-Bay, where is plenty of Fiſhing, Oyſtering, and Claming, and within 1 Mile of a Griſt-Mill and half a Mile of a Saw-Mill: There is on it a tolerable good dwelling Houſe and Orchard, and about Sixty Acres of Upland and Meadow cleared, all in good Fence; the Wood Land well timbered, and the whole watered:—An indiſputable Title will be given for the ſame, by the Subſcriber, living near the Premiſes. 14 JAMES KEARNEY.

Walter & Thomas Buchanan & Co.

Have imported in the Hope, Capt. Davis, from London, and the laſt Veſſels from Scotland, A large aſſortment of the following Goods, which they will ſell cheap, at their Store in Queen-Street;

MEN's ribb'd and plain worſted and thread hoſe, ſtocking patterns, worſted and ſilk mitts, calimancoes, durants, tammies, ſewing ſilks, lawns and cambricks; ſilk handkerchiefs, callicoe, chintz, peelongs, Perſians, taffaties, Barcelona handkerchiefs and cravats; cotton and linen checks, ſtript holland, white and coloured threads, jeans, writing paper, buckrams, linens, oznabrugs; garters, pins, tapes, bindings, ivory and horn combs, cotton and linen check handkerchiefs, damaſk table cloths and napkins; Scots plaid and carpets, check ſhirts, buckles, cutteaus, ſciſſars, &c. &c. Broad-cloth, ſail duck, No. 1 to 6, with cordage of different ſizes, ſhip's hearths, and a few caſks bottled beer.

N. B. Have likewiſe for ſale, a quantity of mahogany, and Liſbon ſalt. 21 24

JOHN BAKER,
SURGEON DENTIST;

BEGS leave to acquaint the gentry, That he is now in New-York, at Mr. John Watſon's, in the houſe wherein Capt. Randall lately lived, at the corner of Pearl-ſtreet; and will wait on them on receiving their commands.—He cures the ſcurvy in the gums, be it ever ſo bad; firſt cleans and ſcales the teeth from that corroſive tartarous gritty ſubſtance, which hinders the gums from growing, infects the breath, and is one of the principal cauſes of the ſcurvy, and (if not timely prevented) eats away the gums; ſo that many people's teeth fall out freſh. He fills up with lead or gold, thoſe that are hollow, (ſo as to render them uſeful) and prevent the air getting into them, which aggravates the pain. He makes artificial teeth, and fixes them with pure gold, ſo that they will remain faſt for many years, and may eat, drink and ſleep, with them in their mouths as natural ones, from which they cannot be diſcovered by the ſharpeſt eye. He diſplaces teeth or ſtumps, after the beſt and eaſieſt method, be they ever ſo deep ſunk into the ſocket of the gums. He has given ſufficient proof of his ſuperior judgment in this art, to the principal nobility, gentry, and others of Great-Britain, France, Ireland and other principal Places in Europe; alſo to upwards of two thouſand perſons in the town of Boſton.

☞ His Dentrifice, with proper directions for preſerving the teeth and gums, is to be had at his lodgings.

N. B. Each pot is ſealed with his coat of arms, as in the margin of the directions, to prevent fraud. 21

Juſt imported from London, in the laſt Veſſels, and to be ſold at the moſt reaſonable Rates for Caſh or ſhort Credit, by

RICHARD BANCKER,

At his Store in Hanover-Square, an Aſſortment of Goods as uſual, conſiſting of

THE greateſt variety of Flaxen & Scotch oznaburgs, white and brown, Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheetings, Iriſh and Holland linens, Prince's linens, Flanders bed-ticks; dowlaſes, clouting, and Ruſſia diapers, Sileſias, table cloths, Ruſſia drillings, huckaback, corded and plain dimities Marſeilles quiltings, counterpains; brown and white janes and fuſtians, buckrams, handkerchiefs, furniture and other checks, brown Hollands, cambricks, plain and flowered lawns, cotton and thread hoſe, plain and flowered gauzes, ſilk and other gauze handkerchiefs and aprons, long lawns, muſlins; Scotch threads, ſtitching and darning threads, coloured ditto; a variety of cap laces, Blond and black ditto; printed linens, and many other articles in the linen drapery way 21 24

SCRIVENER's OFFICE, &c.
IN BROAD-STREET.
(Eſtabliſhed the 11th of June, 1764,)

By JOHN C. KNAPP,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, &c. B. R.

WHO conſtantly attends, and daily ſtudies, to give the moſt candid *Opinion*, ; and ſatisfactory *Advice*, in all Caſes of *Law*, or *Equity*.——*Alſo*, To draw *Conveyances*, or any other *Inſtruments in Writing*, effectually to anſwer the Purpoſes intended, *and*, will uſe his utmoſt Endeavours, *amicably*, to adjuſt and ſettle any Account, or other Matter, between Parties in Difference; *and* aſſiſt Perſons to recover their Property in *England*, or elſewhere.

Caſh ſolicited as uſual, *and*, tho'! ſcarce the Commodity at preſent, it is ſeldom wanting to diſcount good *Bonds*; *Bills*; or *Notes*;—On Bottomry, &c.

The Sale of *Eſtates*, *Negroes*, &c. duly attended.

*** *AS*, the rendering an *Office*, of ſuch public Nature, truly ſerviceable, muſt, "*beſides Ability*," in a great Meaſure depend on the eaſy Acceſs thereto, "in particular, with regard to the Commonalty;" *and* as ſuch Conſideration cannot well be more properly timed, Mr. *Knapp*, from a due Senſe of the *Publick's* many Favours, is determined, without other View, "*than the immediate neceſſary*," to execute the general Buſineſs of this *Office*, on the eaſy *Fees* he has regulated, with Deſign fully to anſwer the above End; and *that* with ſuch *Integrity*, *profound Secrecy*, and *Diſpatch*; as may entitle him to a continuance of the *Publick's* Regard and Protection; *which!* from very eſſential Reaſons he moſt humbly requeſts.

N. B. *If any Perſon* of liberal Education, may incline to take up ſo decent a Livelihood, AS, with good Conduct may be acquired by this *Office*, Mr. *Knapp*, will inſtruct ſuch Perſon, *fully therein*, and give up the ſame, *May two Years*, on Terms to be agreed, which will be very eaſy. 21 24

TO BE SOLD, By

WILLETT TAYLOR,
ON CROMLIN's-WHARF,

A Few pipes of London particular wine, old and of an extraordinary quality, Teneriffe, Liſbon, red port and Frontinac wines; old Jamaica ſpirits, brandy, cherry ditto, rum, Geneva; double and ſingle refin'd loaf ſugar, Muſcovado do. empty bottles, empty caſes, corks; choice ſallad oil,—Hyſon, Souchong and bohea teas, powder, ſhot, flax, chocolate, coffee, pepper, hams, &c. &c. &c. wholeſale and retail.

He has to let, a coach-houſe, with a ſtable (large enough for four horſes) and hay-loft, the coach-houſe will ſerve for a large ſtore. 22 25

A Choice Parcel of MUSCOVADO SUGARS, to be ſold by JOHN THURMAN, in WALL-STREET. 21 24

Juſt imported in the Hope, Capt. Davis and Amelia, Capt. Sinclair, from London, and to be ſold, cheap by

ELEAZER MILLER, Jun.

In Hanover-Square, in the Houſe where Meſſrs. Samuel Broome & Co. lately kept their Store.

A Neat aſſortment of callicoes, chintzes and cottons; black and coloured Perſians, taffaties, ribbons, men's and women's glazed, ſhammy ſattin lin'd, tann'd and purple gloves and mitts; plain, ſpotted, and ſprigg'd 7-8, and yard wide gauze; plain and ſtriped yard, 5-4 and 6-4 wide muſlins; black Barcelona handkerchiefs and cravats, ſarſanet and gauze handkerchiefs, ſilk and cotton romalls, bandanoes, ſattin pelongs, alamode, bombazines, black and white crapes, Italian tiffany, ſewing ſilks, knee garters, death-head buttons, ſilk and hair, and ſcarf twiſt; ſilk and cotton hoſe, ſilk breeches patterns, two, three, and four thread black, blue and cloth coloured breeches patterns; cambricks and lawns, tandems, dowlas, Iriſh ſheeting, fans, thread, buckrams, everlaſtings; 7-8, yard, and yard 3-8 cotton and linen checks, camblettees, plain, ſtript and check'd camblets, Iriſh camblets, hairbines, ſilk ſagathies, Venetian poplins, miſſanetts, grazetts, ſilveretts, callimancoes, flower'd Mecklenburghs, broglioes, blandines, brilliants and cruſadoe ſtuffs, blue broad-cloths, &c. (22 25

N. B. About 500 lb weight of WHALE BONE to be ſold.

IMPORTED in the Ship Hope, Capt. Benjamin Davies, from LONDON, and now opening for Sale, at the Store of

JOHN MORTON,

In Dock-Street, near the Exchange;—A large and very neat Aſſortment of CHINA, viz.

TABLE and tea table ſets, complete tureens and diſhes;—Large and ſmall, blue and white and enamell'd bowls, from half a pint to twelve quarts each;—Boxes of cups and ſaucers ſorted;—Tea pots, with or without ſtands,—Milk pots, ſugar diſhes, ſpoon trays;—Quart, pint, and half pint mugs;—Pudding and ſallad diſhes,—Diſhes and plates of all ſorts,—Jars and beakers, &c. &c.

Alſo, a handſome aſſortment of black and white trolly lace, and fan gauze trimmings, with a great variety of faſhionable ribbons, gloves and dry goods, as uſual. 21 24

Likewiſe a few hogſheads of New-England RUM.

BENJAMIN BOOTH,

Is now opening, at his Store near the Fly-Market, and the Ferry-Stairs, in the Street leading from thence to the Coffee-Houſe;

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST

Aſſortment of Goods ever imported into America; Amongſt which are, a great Variety of

PRINTED Callicoes, cottons and linens	Stuffs of all ſorts
Chintz	Bombazeens and ſagathies
Cambricks, lawns and muſlins	Plain ſilks of all ſorts
Ruſſia towelling	Gauzes
Diaper, clouting, napkining and tabling	Sewing ſilk
Damaſk napkining and tabling	Writing paper and playing cards
Brown rolls	Paper hangings
Oznaburgs, Scotch & German	Gloves
Pomerania and Sileſia linens	Hoſiery of all kinds
Dowlas, garlix and tandems	Pins and needles
Ruſſia, Raven's duck and ſheeting	Bed-bunts and ticking
India nankeens	Ribbons a large aſſortment
Romall and other India handkerchiefs	Broadcloths
Indian taffaties and Perſians	Shalloons, buttons and trimmings
Iriſh linen and ſheeting	Spicery
Checks of all ſorts	Scotch carpetting
Cotton Hollands and ginghams	London pewter
Fuſtians	Tea-kettles
Linen handkerchiefs of all ſorts	Shot and gun-powder
Silk ditto	Cutlery
Thread and tapes of all ſorts	Queen's ſnuff in bottles, made by her Majeſty's ſnuff manufacturer
	With many other articles.

☞ *It has long been agreed, that public vendues, ſubject to no regulation, are very detrimental to the community, by giving room for the moſt unfair practices in trade, and that there is no legal way of ſuppreſſing them, but by underſelling them; with this view the proprietor of this ſtore (having the uſe of a ſufficient fund in England, to buy moſt of his goods with ready money) is determined to ſell only for caſh, at a low advance, that he may thereby be enabled to ſell better and cheaper commodities, that can generally be had at vendue.* (21 24)

Imported in the Hope, Capt. Davies, from London,

By WILLIAM M'DONALD,

Near the Merchant's Coffee-Houſe, a large aſſortment of goods to be ſold for caſh or ſhort credit;

A Large aſſortment of callicoes and chintzes, lawns and cambricks, pack'd do. durants, ſhalloons and florets, flannels, long-ells, Bath frizes, green baize, and beavers, 7-4, 8-4, and 9-4 noſe blankets; 8-4 and 9-4 green rugs; blue, white, cloth, red and pink in grain tammies; dowlas, plattillas royale, Prince's and Pomerania linen; four and a half lb. and no. 12 pins; lillikin and minikin do. cotton yd. 3-8 checks, linen do. yd. 3-8 do. boy's letter'd middle Scotch jack wove middle Turkey garters; men's buckſkin gloves, men's white ſtiff top'd, do. for burials, women's colour'd ſhammy do. ſilk mitts and gloves; Iriſh linen, 8-4 and 9-4 bed ticks, Perſians and taffaties, white knit plain and ribb'd ſilk hoſe, pat ribb'd, and marble do. blue, green, white and black peelong ſattin; blue, green, black and white rich do. a great variety of ſewing-ſilks, Barcelona cravats and handkerchiefs, gilt braſs and ſteel watch keys, men's and women's ſteel chains, watch ſprings and glaſſes, gold pins and roſes, metal do. enamall'd dial plates, 2, 3, 4 and 5 ſhot; pewter, 4d. 6d. 8d. and 20d. nails; teſtaments, pſalters and primers, writing paper, ſhoe and quality binding, 6-4, 7-4 and 8-4 fringed diaper table cloths; clouting diaper, cap and apron tapes, coloured thread, Flemiſh do. Scotch and Dutch oznaburgs, with a great variety of china, raiſins and currants; with one four and one two barrel'd hand organ: likewiſe has to ſell, a two barrel fuzee, Scotch ſnuff in bladders; Madeira and Liſbon wine, by the pipe, quarter caſk or dozen.

TO BE SOLD,

By HENRY C. BOGART,

Next Door to Mr. Robert Ray's, near the Old Dutch Church;

CHOICE Muſcovado Sugars in Hogſheads fit for Shops, Jamaica Spirits, Weſt-India and New-York Rum, Molaſſes, and a few Bales of Cotton.

TO BE SOLD,

At JAMES M'EVERS's STORE,

A Quantity of Beaver in Packs, Nails of all Sizes, 6 by 8, 7 by 9, and 8 by 10 Glaſs, in half and quarter Boxes; Trunks of Hoſe's Shoes, and Boxes of Briſtol do. Cheſts of Bohea Tea; beſt Connecticut barreled Pork and Beef, &c. &c.

N. B. Ready Money for merchantable Pot-Aſh. 22

BENJAMIN DAVIES,

Has juſt imported from London, the following goods; which he will ſell very cheap, at his houſe in the Old-ſlip-market;

MILLINERY, a neat aſſortment in the neweſt faſhion; with fine minionet, and Mecklin lace, ribbons and gloves, French wax beads and earrings; men's, women's, and children's cotton, thread and worſted hoſe; ſilk and worſted mitts, men's and youth's beaver hats, oil cloth for hat caſes, 7-8 and yard wide cotton and furniture checks; a neat and large aſſortment of China ware, beſt hyſon and green tea; neat red port and Liſbon in bottles, Cheſhire and Glouceſterſhire cheeſe, beſt Durham muſtard, Straſburg ſnuff, tin ware, cut wine glaſſes and decanters, ſilver topt waiters, glaſs lanthorns, ſilver'd and pinchbeck pillar candleſticks, ſilver watches, violin ſcrew bows and ſtrings, Muſick books and ruled paper, velvet and common corks, empty bottles and ſundry other articles, wholeſale and retale. 21 24

WILLIAM NEILSON,

Hath imported in the laſt veſſels from London; A freſh aſſortment of the following goods, which he will ſell cheap for caſh, country produce, or at a ſhort credit, viz.

BROADCLOTHS, ſhalloons, durants, tammies, calimancoes, ſagathies, callicoes, oznaburgs, Ravens duck; Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheetings and linens, Ruſſia diaper, taffaties, peelongs, Perſians, figured modes, cambricks and lawns in pieces and patches; Barcelona handkerchiefs and cravats, ſilk romal, lungee and bandannoe do. printed and cotton romal do. purple, kid and lamb mitts flowered, cap lace, coxcomb; gimp and ſnail trimmings, cotton and linen checks & ſtripes, men's brown thread hoſe, Barlow penknives, knives and forks; paſte boards, writing paper, threads, needles, pins, twiſt buttons, knee garters, ribbons ſewing ſilks, ivory combs, powder, ſhot, wool cards and ſhears, nutmegs, ſteel; China cups and ſaucers, London and Briſtol ſhoes, oil ſlints, Delph ware in hogſheads well aſſorted. 22 25

HENRY REMSEN, jun.
AND COMPANY;

Have juſt imported, and are now opening at their ſtore in Hanover-ſquare, aſſortments of the following GOODS, which they will ſell on the loweſt terms for caſh;

PRINTED and pencil'd furniture calico	Women's and girl's bone and cocoa ſtick fans
Neweſt pattern of purple and and other calicoes	Black paper and crape fans
Purple, dark, blue, pompadour & fancy ground chintz	Black, white, coloured and figured ribbons
Printed cottons, chintz	Love and trolly ribbon
Black, coloured and ſtriped broad Perſians	Gimps
Black, white, blue, pink and green narrow ditto	Fringes
Cambricks and lawns, and packet ditto	Sewing ſilk of all colours
Beſt kind of black taffaty	Flowered, ſtriped, ſpotted & plain gauze
Iriſh linens, and ſheeting	Crimſon and green harrateens, with lace, binding, torſels, and line to ſuit
Yard wide tandems	Checks of all the ſorts uſually imported
Three-quar. and 7-8 garlix	Scotch, Flemiſh, coloured & darning threads
Three-quar. and 7-8 dowlas	Neſts of gilt trunks, oval & flat tops
Oznaburgs	Beſt vermilion wafers in boxes
Diaper & damaſk table cloths	Ink powders
Clouting diaper	Playing cards
Piſtol lawns	Blank books
Brown Hollands	Writing paper
Buckram	Shoe and knee buckles
Double Sileſias	Buttons
Ravens duck	Links
Flanders bed-tick	Snuff boxes
Bed bunts	Shirt buttons
Nankeens	Pins of all ſorts
Chelloes	Common needles
Cotton romalls	Fine & coarſe darning needles
Black peelong	Apron and cap tapes
Figured mode	Fine Dutch tapes
Men's black and white lamb gloves	Dutch lace
Women's and girl's, purple and cloth coloured gloves and mitts	Black and white cap lace
Women's white and black grain gloves and mitts	Plain and figured ſilk mitts and gloves
Paſte board	Mancheſter velvet
Wilton cloths of the moſt faſhionable mixtures	Worſted pluſh
Blue, mixt and cloth colour'd ſagathies	Quality and ſhoe binding
Superfine and common everlaſtings	Gartering
Figured & flowered drawboys	Cloths
Black bombazeen & women's crape	Shalloons
Black Barcelona handkerchiefs and cravats	Long-ells
Broad and narrow, black calimanco	Black, blue and cloth colour'd ſilk knee garters
Blue, green and brown ditto	Striped Holland
Broad and narrow Iriſh camblets	Non-ſo-pretties
Brown, blue, and ſtriped do.	Yd. wide gauze handkerchiefs
Black, blue, green, pink, crimſon and cloth coloured durants	Linen and cotton handkerchiefs
	Paſtework handkerchiefs
	Emboſſed ſerges
	Yellow flannel
	Black breeches patterns of all ſorts
	Men's and women's worſted, cotton and thread ſtockings
	White jeans and cotton ribs.

☞ ALSO,—The beſt ſort of Wool Cards, Scotch Snuff, Sithes, Indigo, Felt Hats, and Newfoundland Beaver Hats. 21 25